## An insight into the microphysical attributes of northwest Pacific tropical cyclones

Balaji Kumar Seela<sup>1,†</sup>, Jayalakshmi Janapati<sup>1,†</sup>, Pay-Liam Lin<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup>, and Meng-Tze Lee<sup>4,</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Atmospheric Physics, Department of Atmospheric Sciences, National Central University, Zhongli District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan

<sup>2</sup>Earthquake-Disaster & Risk Evaluation and Management Center, National Central University, Zhongli District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan.

<sup>3</sup>Research Center for Hazard Mitigation and Prevention, National Central University, Zhongli District, Taovuan City, Taiwan

<sup>4</sup>Department of Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences, McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

## **Abstract**

Northwestern Pacific (NWP) tropical cyclones (TCs) impose a severe threat to the life and economy of the people living in East Asian countries. The microphysical features, mainly the raindrop size distributions (RSD) of TCs that improve the modeling simulation and rainfall estimation algorithms, are limited to case studies, and an extensive understanding of TCs' RSD is still scarce over the northwest Pacific. Here, we examine a comprehensive outlook on disparities in microphysical attributes of NWP TCs with radial distance and storm type, using sixteen years of disdrometer, ground-based radar, and reanalysis datasets in north Taiwan. We find that dominant stratiform precipitation in the inner rainbands leads to the occurrence of more bigger drops in the inner rainbands than the inner core and outer rainbands. Moreover, a decrease in mass-weighted mean diameter and rainfall rate with radial distance is associated with a reduction in moisture availability for various circumstances, and this association is deceptive in intense storms. Our findings give an insight into crucial processes governing microphysical inequalities in different regions of NWP TCs, with implications for the ground-based and remote-sensing rainfall estimation algorithms.

Prof. Pay-Liam Lin Institute of Atmospheric Physics, Department of Atmospheric Sciences National Central University, Zhongli District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan Phone: 03-422-3294 03-422-7151 ext. 65509

E-mail: tliam@pblap.atm.ncu.edu.tw

<sup>†</sup> Equal contribution of authors.

<sup>\*</sup>Correspondence to: