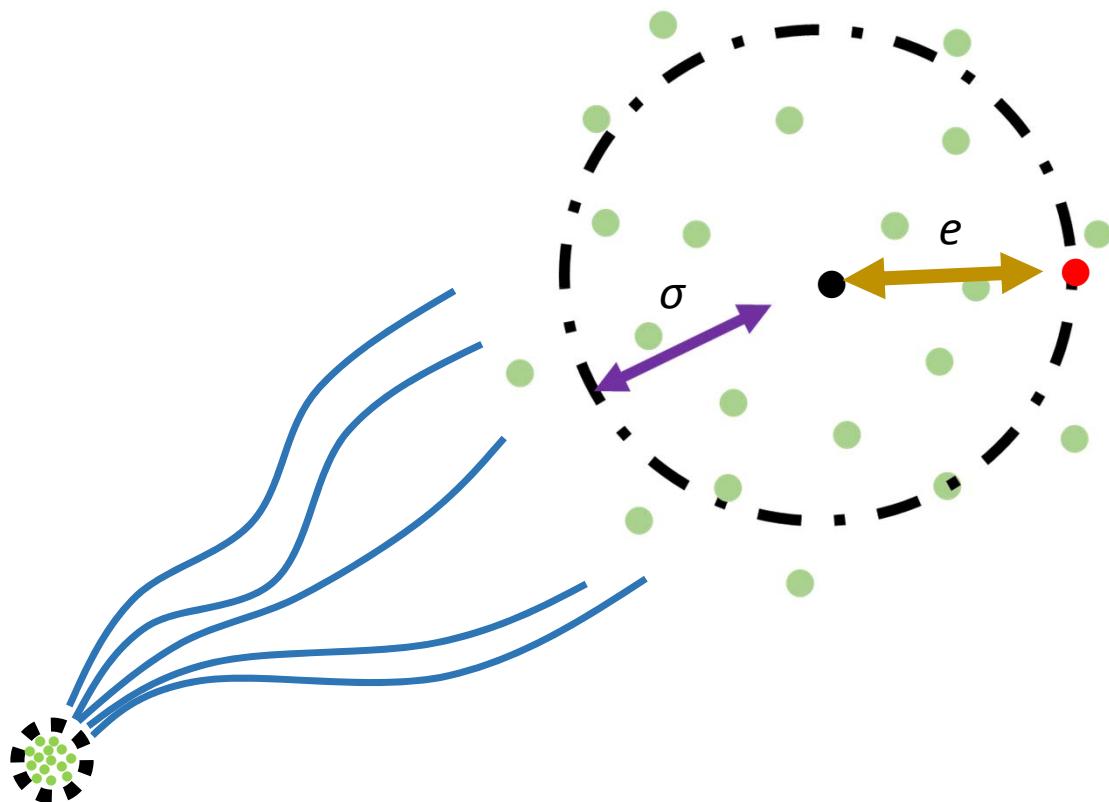


# 隨機擾動參數趨勢法在氣象局全球系集預報系統之應用 Using Stochastically Perturbed Parametrization Tendencies Scheme(SPPT) in CWB/GEPS

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John Chien-Han Tseng



# Ensemble reliability



- = Ensemble Mean
- = Observation
- = Ensemble Member
- $e$  = Error
- $\sigma$  = Spread

# Stochastically Perturbed Parametrization Tendencies Scheme (SPPT)

Adding on Physic Tendencies

$$X' = (1 + \mu r) X$$

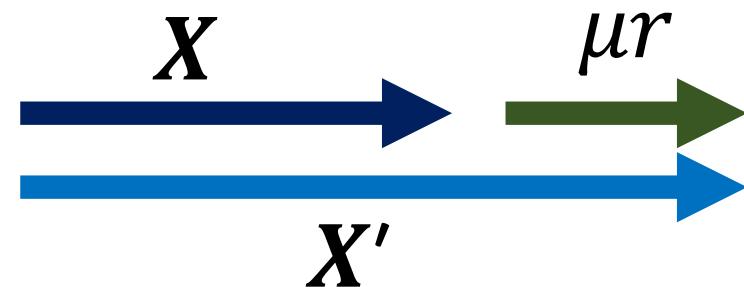
$$X = [X_U, X_V, X_T, X_Q]$$

Tendencies

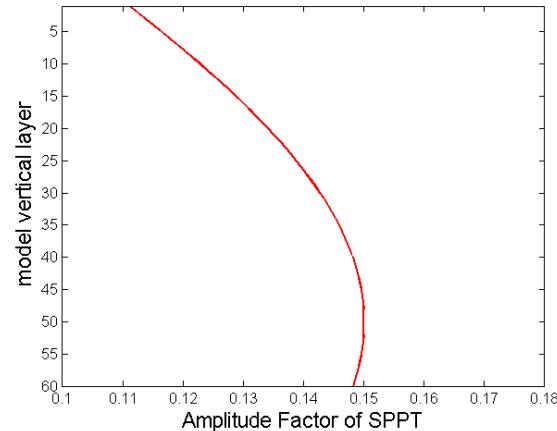
$$r = [-1, +1]$$

Random parametrization

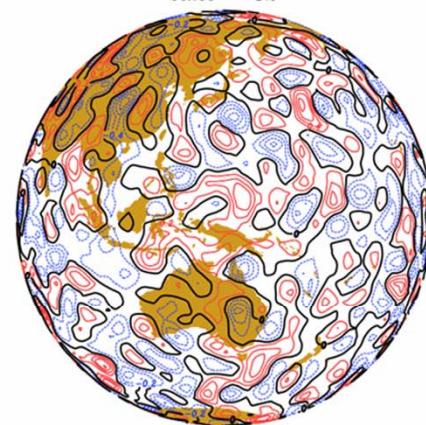
$\mu$  = Vertical amplitude



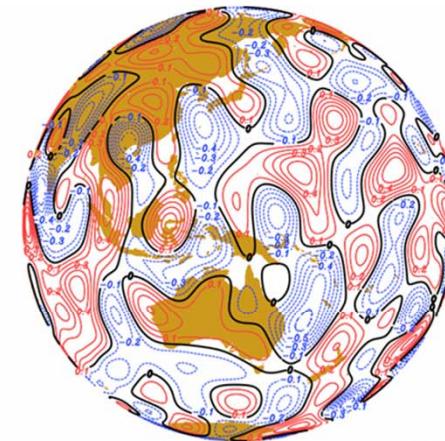
# Pattern of SPPT



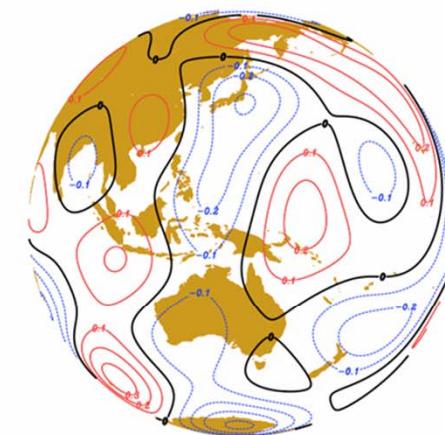
- The SPPT is the foundation stone of other stochastic physics processes like SHUM, SKEB, VC, etc.



horizontal scale ~ 500 km  
decorrelation time: 6hrs  
amplitude factor ~ 0.15

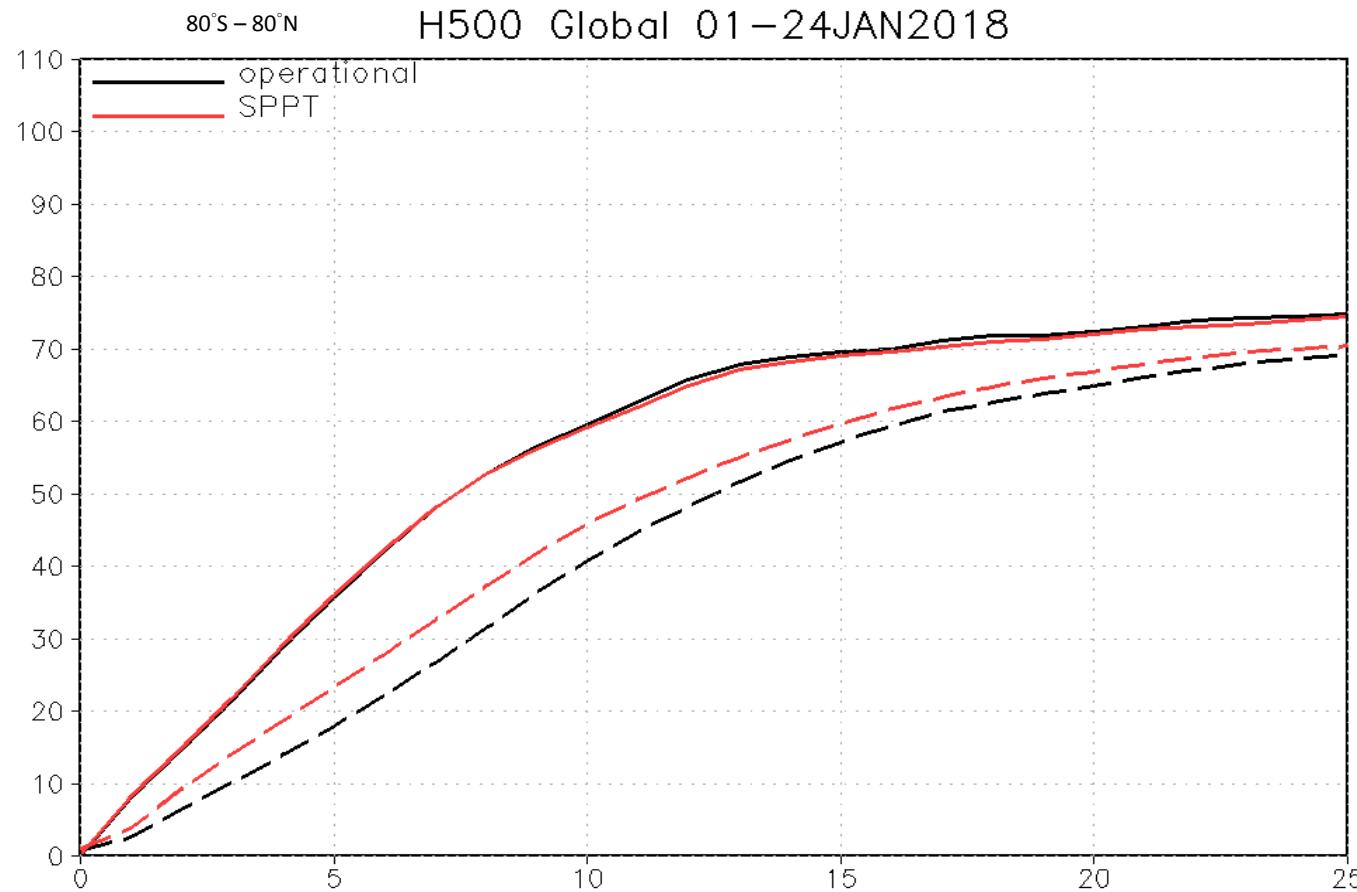


horizontal scale ~ 1000 km  
decorrelation time: 72 hrs  
amplitude factor ~ 0.05



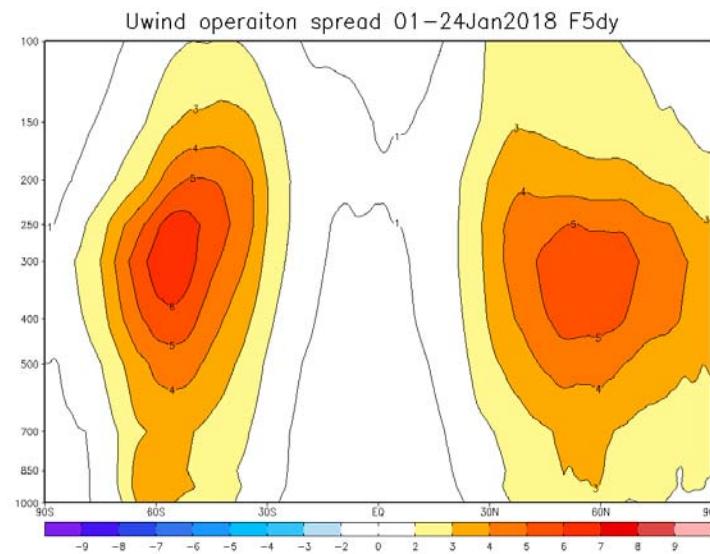
horizontal scale ~ 2000 km  
decorrelation time: 720 hrs  
amplitude factor ~ 0.015

# SPPT experiment



# 5Days Spread

Operation

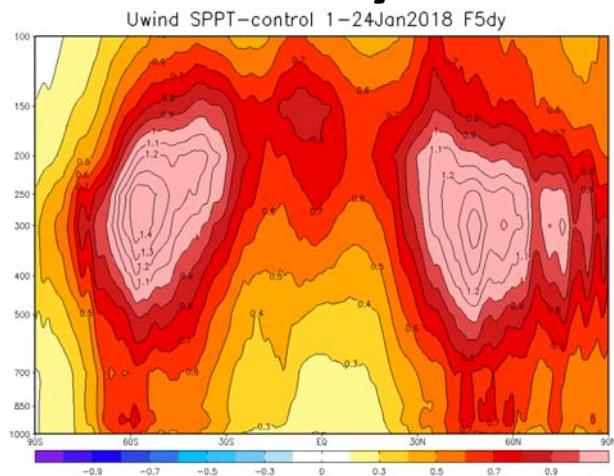


SPPT

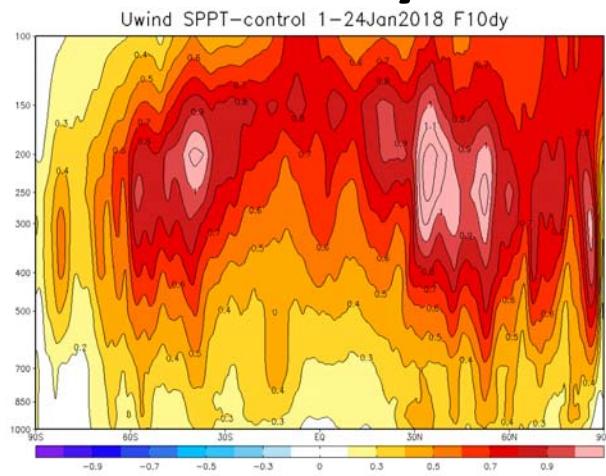
Different

# spread growth

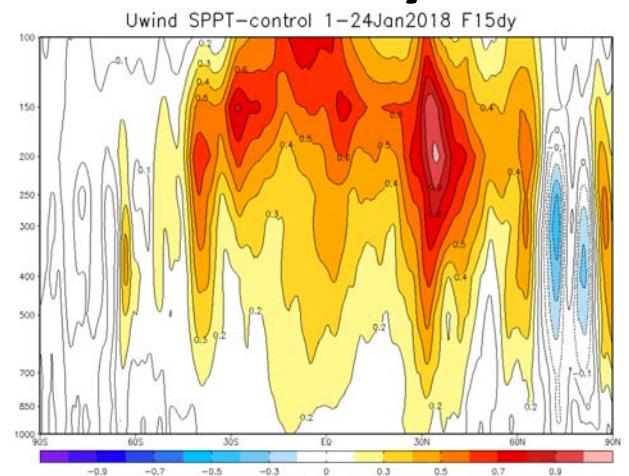
5day



10day

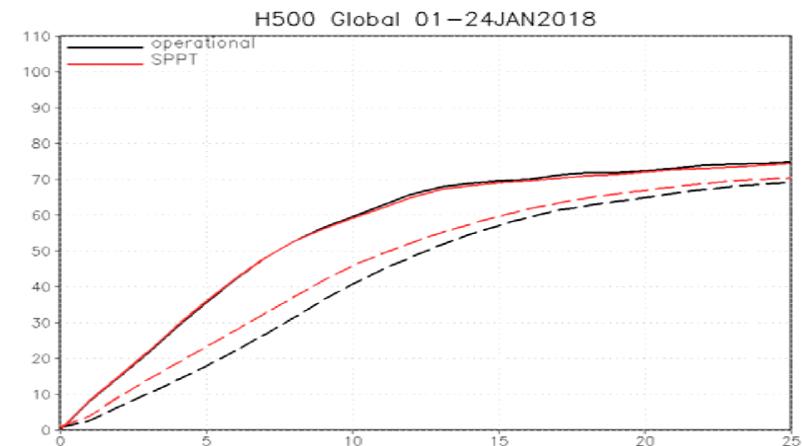
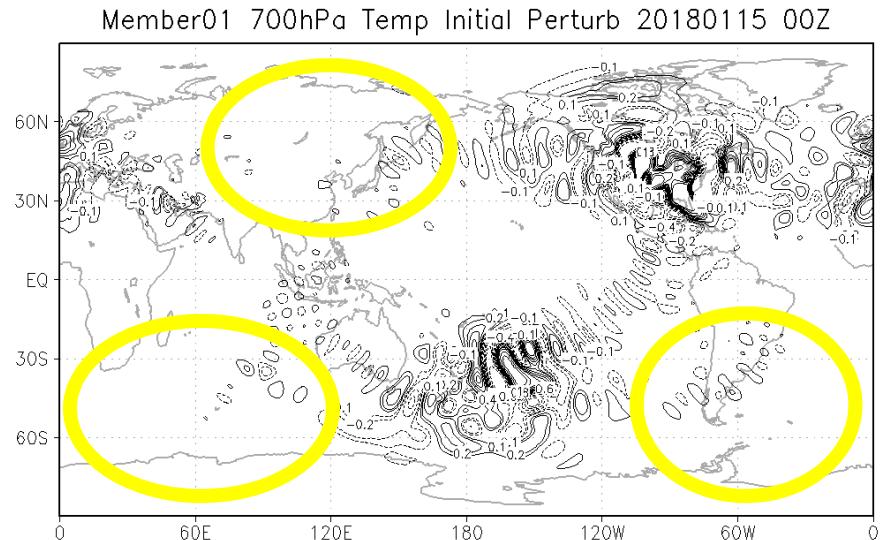


15day



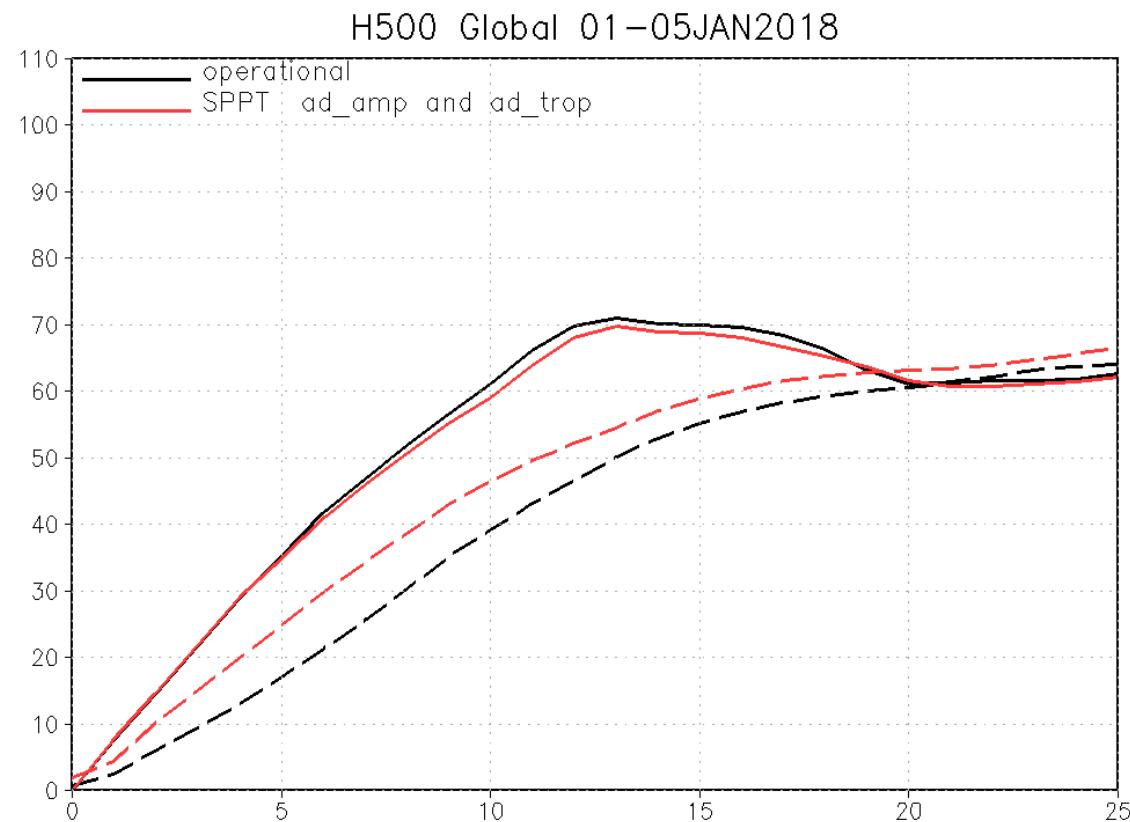
# Future work

- Initial perturb well-distributed
- Let Spread approach RMSE
- Adding Tropical Spread

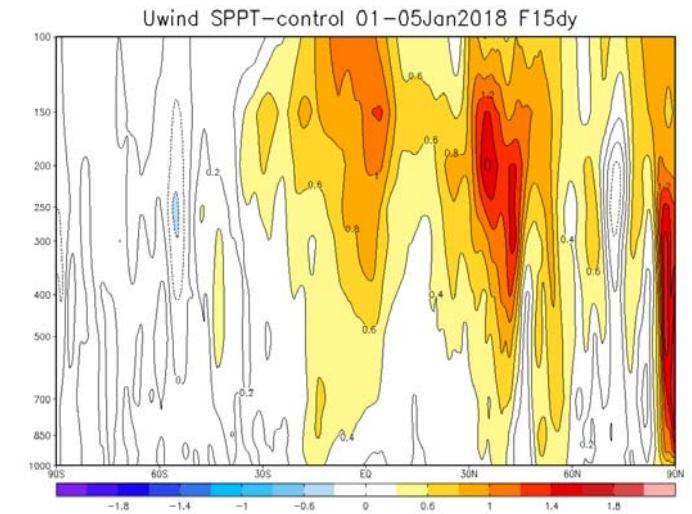
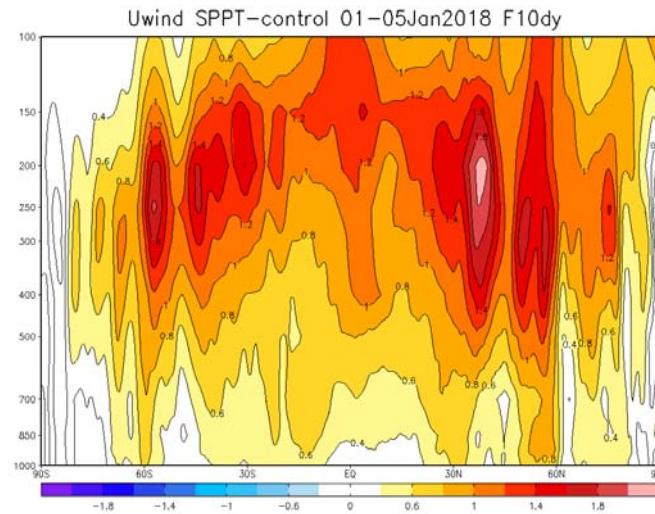
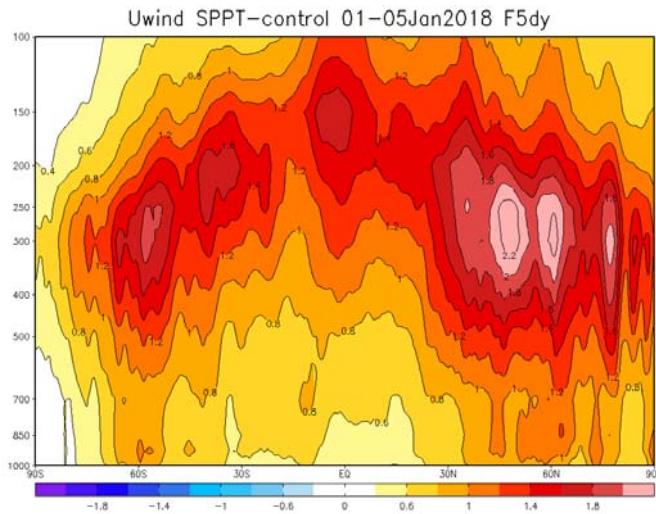


**Thanks!!!**

# Initial Perturb Double of Amplitude



# spread growth structure



## Spread growth

